



## Bright Thermocouple Extension Wire Fiberglass Insulation Compensation Cable

Our Product Introduction

for more products please visit us on [victory-alloy.com](http://victory-alloy.com)

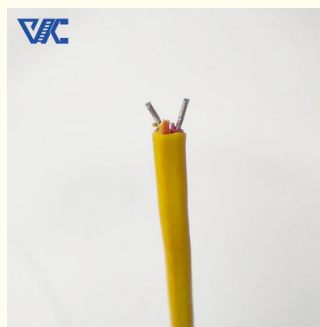
### Basic Information

- Place of Origin: China
- Brand Name: Victory
- Certification: CE, ROHS, ISO 9001
- Model Number: K, N, E, J, T, B, R, S Types
- Minimum Order Quantity: 5
- Packaging Details: Spool package with Carton box, Coil package with polybag
- Delivery Time: 5-21 days
- Payment Terms: L/C, T/T, Western Union, MoneyGram
- Supply Ability: 300 tons per month



### Product Specification

- Product Name: Thermocouple Extension Wire
- Color: Bright
- Certificate: ISO9001
- Temperature Range: 32 To 392F (0 To 200C)
- EMF Tolerance: +/- 2.2C Or +/- .75%
- Grade: Extension Grade NPX/NNX
- Positive: Ni-cr-si
- Negative: Ni-si-magnesium
- Other Name: Nicrosil
- Special Limits Of Error: +/- 1.1C Or 0.4%
- Highlight: **Bright Thermocouple Extension Wire, Fiberglass Insulation Compensation Cable**



### More Images



### Product Description

Thermocouple Extension Wire is a cable designed to extend thermocouple signals and is suitable for a variety of thermocouple types, including Type K, Type N, Type E, Type J, Type T, Type B, Type R, and Type S. It plays a vital role in the field of temperature measurement and control.

The main purpose of Thermocouple Extension Wire is to transmit the thermocouple signal from the measurement point to the instrument or control system for accurate temperature measurement and monitoring. This cable uses thermocouple wires made of two different metal materials to determine the temperature value by measuring the temperature difference between the two junctions. Its special design and material selection ensure good linear characteristics and stability, and can accurately capture and transmit weak thermocouple voltage signals.

Thermocouple Extension Wire has excellent anti-interference capabilities and can effectively resist the effects of electromagnetic interference, noise and temperature changes on signals. This enables it to stably transmit reliable temperature data in industrial environments, ensuring the accuracy and reliability of temperature measurement.

Our Product Introduction

**Thermocouple Wire**

| Code | Wires component of the thermocouple |                        |
|------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
|      | +Positive leg                       | -Negative leg          |
| N    | Ni-cr-si (NP)                       | Ni-si-magnesium (NN)   |
| K    | Ni-Cr (KP)                          | Ni-Al(Si) (KN)         |
| E    | Ni-Cr (EP)                          | Cu-Ni<constantan> (EN) |
| J    | Iron (JP)                           | Cu-Ni<constantan> (JN) |
| T    | Copper (TP)                         | Cu-Ni<constantan> (TN) |

**Standards**

| ASTM                                               | ANSI                                        | IEC                                                                            | DIN                                    | BS                                           | NF                                                      | JIS                                    | ГОСТ                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (American Society for Testing and Materials) E 230 | (American National Standard Institute) 96.1 | (European Standard by the International Electrotechnical Commission 584)-1/2/3 | (Deutsche Industrie Normen) 60584 -1/2 | (British Standards) EN4937.1041, 60584 - 1/2 | (Norme Française) EN 60584 -1/2 - NFC 42323 - NFC 42324 | (Japanese Industrial Standards) C 1610 | (Ur Ru Sp) 1602 Sp 30 |

| Thermocouple indexing | No.           | Compensation wire type | Usag Classification | Measuring junction temperature / °C | standard EMF value/μV | Precision grade |                      | General grade |         |
|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------|---------|
|                       |               |                        |                     |                                     |                       | Tolerance μV    | Thermal EMF range μV | Tolerance μV  | Therm   |
| SorR                  |               | SC or RC               | G                   | 100                                 | 646                   | ±30             | 616~676              | ±60           | 586~7   |
|                       |               |                        |                     | 100                                 | 646                   | -               | -                    |               | 586~7   |
|                       |               |                        | H                   | 200                                 | 1 1441                | -               | -                    | ±60           | 1.381~  |
| K                     | KX,KCA or KCB |                        | G                   | -25                                 | -968                  | ±40             | -924~-1 012          | ±80           | -880~-  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | 100                                 | 4 096                 |                 | 4 052~4 140          |               | 4 008~  |
|                       |               |                        | H                   | -25                                 | -968                  | ±40             | -924~-1 012          | ±88           | -880~-  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | 100                                 | 4 096                 |                 | 4 052~4 140          |               | 4 008~  |
| N                     | NX or NC      |                        | G                   | 200                                 | 8 138                 |                 | 8 094~8 182          |               | 8 050~  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | -25                                 | -646                  | ±43             | -603~-689            | ±86           | -560~-  |
|                       |               |                        | H                   | 100                                 | 2 774                 |                 | 2 731~2 817          |               | 2 688~  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | -25                                 | -646                  | ±43             | -603~-690            | ±86           | -560~-  |
| E                     | EX            |                        | G                   | 200                                 | 5 913                 |                 | 5 870~5 956          |               | 5 827~  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | -25                                 | -1 432                | ±81             | -1 351~-1 513        | ±138          | -1 294  |
|                       |               |                        | H                   | 100                                 | 6 319                 |                 | 6 238~6 400          |               | 6 181~  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | -25                                 | -1 432                | ±81             | -1 351~-1 513        | ±138          | -1 294  |
| J                     | JX            |                        | G                   | 100                                 | 6 319                 |                 | 6 238~6 400          |               | 6 181~  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | 200                                 | 13 421                |                 | 13 340~13 502        |               | 13 283~ |
|                       |               |                        | H                   | -25                                 | -1 239                | ±62             | -1 177~-1 301        | ±123          | -1 116  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | 100                                 | 5 269                 |                 | 5 207~5 331          |               | 5 146~  |
| T                     | TX            |                        | G                   | -25                                 | -940                  | ±30             | -910~-970            | ±60           | -850~-  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | 100                                 | 4 279                 |                 | 4 249~4 309          |               | 4 189~  |
|                       |               |                        | H                   | -25                                 | -940                  | ±48             | -892~-988            | ±90           | -850~-  |
|                       |               |                        |                     | 100                                 | 4 279                 |                 | 4 231~4 327          |               | 4 189~  |

**Type N Accuracy (whichever is greater):**

Maximum continuous operating temperature: up to 2,300F (1,260C)

Short term use: 2,336F (1,280C)

Thermocouple grade wire, -454 to 2300F (-270 to 1,260C)

Extension wire, 32 to 392F (0 to 200C)



Changzhou Victory Technology Co., Ltd



+8619906119641



victory@dlx-alloy.com



victory-alloy.com

NO.32 West Taihu Road, Xinbei District, Changzhou, Jiangsu